

To FREQ, Perchance to MEANS

ay, there's the rub!

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Choose the right procedure

Run PROC **FREQ** when...

- variables are categorical
- small number of levels
- numeric or character variables

Run PROC **MEANS** when...

- variables are continuous
- large number of levels
- numeric variables only

Challenges

- Determine which variables are categorical and continuous
- Type long lists of variable names
 - TABLES statement or VAR statement
- Process is **tedious** and **error prone**

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What's in it for you?

You will learn how to

1. Determine the number of levels of each variable
2. Determine the type of each variable
3. Store variable lists in macro variables based on the number of levels and type
4. Use variable lists stored in macro variables with PROC FREQ and PROC MEANS

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Sample data set

PRINT of data set SASHELP.CLASS

Obs	Name	Sex	Age	Height	Weight
1	Alfred	M	14	69.0	112.5
2	Alice	F	13	56.5	84.0
3	Barbara	F	13	65.3	98.0
4	Carol	F	14	62.8	102.5
5	Henry	M	14	63.5	102.5
6	James	M	12	57.3	83.0
7	Jane	F	12	59.8	84.5
8	Janet	F	15	62.5	112.5
9	Jeffrey	M	13	62.5	84.0
10	John	M	12	59.0	99.5
11	Joyce	F	11	51.3	50.5
12	Judy	F	14	64.3	90.0
13	Louise	F	12	56.3	77.0
14	Mary	F	15	66.5	112.0
15	Philip	M	16	72.0	150.0
16	Robert	M	12	64.8	128.0
17	Ronald	M	15	67.0	133.0
18	Thomas	M	11	57.5	85.0
19	William	M	15	66.5	112.0

FREQ Sex
 Age
or
MEANS? Height
 Weight

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1. Determine the number of levels

```
proc freq data=sashelp.class nlevels;
tables _all_ /noprint;
run;
```

Results:

The FREQ Procedure

Number of Variable Levels

Variable	Levels

Name	19
Sex	2
Age	6
Height	17
Weight	15

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Save number of levels to data set

```
ods trace on/listing;
proc freq data=sashelp.class nlevels;
tables _all_ /noprint;
run;
ods trace off;
```

Results:

Output Added:

```
-----
Name:      NLevels
Template:  Base.Freq.NLevels
Path:      Freq.NLevels
-----
```

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Save number of levels to data set

```
ods output nlevels=nlevelsds;
proc freq data=sashelp.class nlevels;
tables _all_ /noprint;
run;

proc print data=nlevelsds;
run;
```

Results:

Obs	TableVar	NLevels
1	Name	19
2	Sex	2
3	Age	6
4	Height	17
5	Weight	15

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Rules

- 10 or fewer levels → PROC FREQ
- More than 10 levels → PROC MEANS
- What about NAME?
 - Need to know variable **type** as well as number of levels to determine which PROC to run

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2. Determine each variable type

```
proc sql;
select name,type
from dictionary.columns
where libname='SASHELP' and memname='CLASS'; *uppercase;
quit;
```

Results:

Column Name	Column Type
Name	char
Sex	char
Age	num
Height	num
Weight	num

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Save variable type+ to data set

```
proc sql;
create table meta as
select name,type,nlevels
from dictionary.columns,nlevelsds
where libname='SASHELP' and memname='CLASS' and
      name=tablevar;
quit;

proc print data=meta;
run;
```

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Save variable type+ to data set

Results:

Obs	name	type	NLevels
1	Name	char	19
2	Sex	char	2
3	Age	num	6
4	Height	num	17
5	Weight	num	15

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3. Store variable lists

```
proc sql;

title 'Variables to process with PROC FREQ';
select name
from meta
where nlevels <= 10;

title 'Variables to process with PROC MEANS';
select name
from meta
where nlevels > 10 and type='num'; *lowercase;

quit;
```

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3. Store variable lists [cont.]

Results:

Variables to process with PROC **FREQ**

Column Name

Sex

Age

Variables to process with PROC **MEANS**

Column Name

Height

Weight

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3. Store variable lists [cont.]

```
proc sql noprint;

select name into :FREQvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels <= 10;

select name into :MEANSvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels > 10 and type='num'; *lowercase;

quit;
```

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Inspect values [optional]

```
%put FREQvars=&FREQvars;  
%put MEANSvars=&MEANSvars;
```

Results [Log]:

```
FREQvars=Sex Age  
MEANSvars=Height Weight
```

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4. Use variable lists

```
proc freq data=sashelp.class;
tables &FREQvars;
run;

proc means data=sashelp.class;
var &MEANSvars;
run;
```

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4. Use variable lists [cont.]

Sex	Frequency	Percent	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Percent
F	9	47.37	9	47.37
M	10	52.63	19	100.00

Age	Frequency	Percent	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Percent
11	2	10.53	2	10.53
12	5	26.32	7	36.84
13	3	15.79	10	52.63
14	4	21.05	14	73.68
15	4	21.05	18	94.74
16	1	5.26	19	100.00

Variable	N	Mean	Std Dev	Minimum	Maximum
Height	19	62.3368421	5.1270752	51.3000000	72.0000000
Weight	19	100.0263158	22.7739335	50.5000000	150.0000000

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Rules

Variable Type	Number of Variable Levels	
	10 or fewer	More than 10
Character	PROC FREQ	PROC PRINT
Numeric	PROC FREQ	PROC MEANS

Character variables with many levels [NAME]?
→ PROC PRINT

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Character vars with many levels

```
proc sql;
select name into :PRINTvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels > 10 and type='char'; *lowercase;
quit;

proc print data=sashelp.class(obs=5); *adjust N as needed;
var &PRINTvars;
run;
```

Results:

Obs	Name
1	Alfred
2	Alice
3	Barbara
4	Carol
5	Henry

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Final program

```
ods output nlevels=nlevelsds;
proc freq data=sashelp.class nlevels;
tables _all_/noprint;
run;

proc sql noprint;
create table meta as
select name,type,nlevels
from dictionary.columns,nlevelsds
where libname='SASHELP' and memname='CLASS'
and name=tablevar;

*store names of all variables with
NLEVELS <= 10 in macro variable FREQvars;
select name into :FREQvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels <= 10;

*store names of numeric variables with
NLEVELS > 10 in macro variable MEANSvars;
select name into :MEANSvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels > 10 and type='num';

*store names of character variables with
NLEVELS > 10 in macro variable PRINTvars;
select name into :PRINTvars separated by ' '
from meta
where nlevels > 10 and type='char';

quit;

proc freq data=sashelp.class;
tables &FREQvars;
run;

proc means data=sashelp.class;
var &MEANSvars;
run;

proc print data=sashelp.class(obs=5);
var &PRINTvars;
run;
```

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Conclusion

- The PROC FREQ option NLEVELS counts the number of levels of each variable.
- The Output Delivery System can save this metadata to a SAS data set.
- PROC SQL can check the number of levels and variable type and create macro variables that store respective lists of variables on which to run PROC FREQ and PROC MEANS.
- The process can be automated with a macro.

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Contact information

Comments and questions are valued and encouraged.

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